|  | Week 1 - Week 5 | Week 6 - Week 10 | Week 11- Week 13 |  | Week 14 |  | Week 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Place Value (within 10) | Addition \& Subtraction (within 10) | Place Value (within 20) |  | Geometry (shape) |  | Consolidation |
|  | Step 1 Sort objects <br> Step 2 Count objects <br> Step 3 Count objects from a larger group <br> Step 4 Represent objects <br> Step 5 Recognise numbers as words <br> Step 6 Count on from any number <br> Step 71 more <br> Step 8 Count backwards within 10 <br> Step 91 less <br> Step 10 Compare groups by matching <br> Step 11 Fewer, more, same <br> Step 12 Less than, greater than, equal to <br> Step 13 Compare numbers <br> Step 14 Order objects and numbers <br> Step 15 The number line <br> Y1 POST ASSESSMENT and ADDRESS GAPS | Step 1 Introduce parts and wholes <br> Step 2 Part-whole model <br> Step 3 Write number sentences <br> Step 4 Fact families - addition facts <br> Step 5 Number bonds within 10 <br> Step 6 Systematic number bonds within 10 <br> Step 7 Number bonds to 10 <br> Step 8 Addition - add together <br> Step 9 Addition - add more <br> Step 10 Addition problems <br> Step 11 Find a part <br> Step 12 Subtraction - find a part <br> Step 13 Fact families - the eight facts <br> Step 14 Subtraction - take away/cross out (How many left?) <br> Step 15 Take away (How many left?) <br> Step 16 Subtraction on a number line <br> Step 17 Add or subtract 1 or 2 <br> Y1 POST ASSESSMENT and ADDRESS GAPS | Step 1 Count within 20 <br> Step 2 Understand 10 <br> Step 3 Understand 11, 12 and 13 <br> Step 4 Understand 14, 15 and 16 <br> Step 5 Understand 17, 18 and 19 <br> Step 6 Understand 20 <br> Step 71 more and 1 less <br> Step 8 The number line to 20 <br> Step 9 Use a number line to 20 <br> Step 10 Estimate on a number line to 20 <br> Step 11 Compare numbers to 20 <br> Step 12 Order numbers to 20 <br> Y1 POST ASSESSMENT and ADDRESS GAPS |  | Step 1 Recognise and name 3-D shapes Step 2 Sort 3-D shapes <br> Step 3 Recognise and name 2-D shapes Step 4 Sort 2-D shapes <br> Step 5 Patterns with 2-D and 3-D shapes Y1 POST ASSESSMENT and ADDRESS GAPS |  | Y1 Autumn Term Assessment |
|  | Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least <br> Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with zero or 1 , or from any given number Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least <br> Compare numbers using and = signs <br> Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words | Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer) <br> Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition ( + ), subtraction ( - ) and equals ( $=$ ) signs <br> Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 <br> Add and subtract 1-digit and 2 -digit numbers to 20 , including zero | Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with zero or 1, or from any given number Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s <br> Read \& write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals \& words Given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less |  | Recognise and name D shapes, including: 2 example, rectangles (is circles and triangles]; example, cuboids (inc pyramids and spheres | mon 2-D and 3apes [for ding squares), hapes [for cubes), |  |
|  | Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract). Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete and pictorial representations, if required. <br> Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate. <br> Begin to independently find a starting point to break into a problem. <br> Use trial and improvement strategy. <br> Independently find possibilities. <br> With support (adult, peer) check work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers and errors). <br> Independently pattern spot and copy and continue a pattern (objects, shapes, numbers, spatial) predicting what will come next. <br> With support, investigate statements. |  |  | For all mathematical concepts, ideas and techniques: Represent it in a variety of ways (e.g. using concrete materials, pictures and symbols - the CPA approach). Make up his or her own examples (and non-examples) of it. See connections between it and other facts or ideas. Recognise it in new situations and contexts. Make use of it in various ways, including in new situations. |  | Solve problems of greater complexity (i.e. where the approach is not immediately obvious), demonstrating creativity and imagination. Independently explore and investigate mathematical contexts and structures. |  |
| - | Listen to others' explanations and try to make sense of them. |  |  | Describe it in his or her own words. Explain it to someone else. |  | Communicate results clearly and systematically explain and generalise the mathematics. |  |

Year 1 Spring Term White Rose Planning


Year 1 Summer Term White Rose Planning

|  | Week 1 - Week 3 | Week 4 - Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 - Week 8 | Week 9 | Week 10 - Week 11 |  | Week 12 - Week 13 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Multiplication \& Division | Fractions | Geometry <br> (position \& direction) | Place Value (within 100) | Measurement (money) | Measurement (time) |  | Consolidation |
|  | Step 1 Count in 2 s <br> Step 2 Count in 10s <br> Step 3 Count in 5s <br> Step 4 Recognise equal <br> groups <br> Step 5 Add equal groups <br> Step 6 Make arrays <br> Step 7 Make doubles <br> Step 8 Make equal groups grouping <br> Step 9 Make equal groups sharing <br> Y1 POST ASSESSMENT and ADDRESS GAPS | Step 1 Recognise a half of an object or a shape <br> Step 2 Find a half of an object or a shape <br> Step 3 Recognise a half of a quantity <br> Step 4 Find a half of a quantity <br> Step 5 Recognise a quarter of an object or a shape <br> Step 6 Find a quarter of an object or a shape <br> Step 7 Recognise a quarter of a quantity <br> Step 8 Find a quarter of a quantity <br> Y1 POST ASSESSMENT and ADDRESS GAPS | Step 1 Describe turns <br> Step 2 Describe position - left <br> and right <br> Step 3 Describe position forwards and backwards Step 4 Describe position - above and below <br> Step 5 Ordinal numbers Y1 POST ASSESSMENT and ADDRESS GAPS | Step 1 Count from 50 to 100 <br> Step 2 Tens to 100 <br> Step 3 Partition into tens and ones <br> Step 4 The number line to 100 <br> Step 51 more, 1 less <br> Step 6 Compare numbers with the same number of tens Step 7 Compare any two numbers <br> Y1 POST ASSESSMENT ADDRESS GAPS | Step 1 Unitising <br> Step 2 Recognise coins <br> Step 3 Recognise notes <br> Step 4 Count in coins <br> Y1 POST ASSESSMENT and ADDRESS GAPS | Step 1 Before and after Step 2 Days of the week Step 3 Months of the year Step 4 Hours, minutes and seconds Step 5 Tell the time to the hour Step 6 Tell the time to the half hour Y1 POST ASSESSMENT and ADDRESS GAPS |  | Y1 Summer Term Assessment |
|  | Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher | Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity <br> Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity | Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns Use the language of position, direction and motion, including: left and right, top, middle and bottom, on top of, in front of, above, between, around, near, close and far, up and down, forwards and backwards, inside and outside (non-statutory guidance) Practise counting ( $1,2,3 . .$. ), ordering (for example, 1st, 2nd, 3rd ...) (non-statutory guidance) | Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with zero or 1 , or from any given number Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10s <br> Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least | Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes <br> Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s | Sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening) Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds) Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clockface to show these times |  |  |
|  | Engage with mathematical activities and problems, making links and moving between different representations (concrete, pictorial, abstract). Independently choose to scaffold thinking using concrete and pictorial representations, if required. <br> Independently choose to represent thinking using concrete, pictorial or abstract representations, as appropriate. <br> Begin to independently find a starting point to break into a problem. <br> Use trial and improvement strategy. <br> Independently find possibilities. <br> With support (adult, peer) check work (e.g. look for other possibilities, repeats, missing answers and errors). <br> Independently pattern spot and copy and continue a pattern (objects, shapes, numbers, spatial) predicting what will come next. <br> With support, investigate statements. |  |  |  | EXS |  |  | GDS |
|  |  |  |  |  | For all mathematical concepts, ideas and techniques: Represent it in a variety of ways (e.g. using concrete materials, pictures and symbols - the CPA approach). Make up his or her own examples (and non-examples) of it. See connections between it and other facts or ideas. Recognise it in new situations and contexts. Make use of it in various ways, including in new situations. |  | Solve problems of greater complexity (i.e. where the approach is not immediately obvious), demonstrating creativity and imagination. <br> Independently explore and investigate mathematical contexts and structures. |  |
| - | Describe and explain with reasons. Listen to others' explanations and try to make sense of them. |  |  |  | Describe it in his or her own words. Explain it to someone else. |  | Communicate results clearly and systematically explain and generalise the mathematics. |  |

